

## WHEN YOU COME HOME

From sea or mountain, don't forget to notify the carrier or call at THE DISPATCH office, that the address on your paper may be changed.

FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

## FLAT ON ITS BACK.

The Trustees of Johns Hopkins University Still Passing the Hat

## TO KEEP THE MILL GOING.

A Grievous Tale of How the Institution Was Wrecked.

## TOO MUCH FAITH IN RAILROAD STOCKS.

The College Founded by a Benevolent Quaker Now Reduced to Beggary—The Prudence and Liberty of the Good Old Man Gave for Naught—A Manifest Expulsion Meted Away—The Ups and Downs of the University—Cut in the Salaries of the Teachers—The Sole Hope of the Trustees—Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Stock Must Climb Back to Its Old Position.

The story of how Johns Hopkins University came to be flat on its back, and having to pass the hat for funds is a grievous one. The much faith was placed in the power of a man to keep up above par the stock of a railroad in which the college was deeply interested.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

BALTIMORE, September 8.—Evil days have fallen on the Johns Hopkins University. The famous institution of learning, the pride of the city of the State, is in want and distress. From the proud position which a magnificent endowment, and a princely income had given it, a position which it was rapidly becoming—had really become—a university in fact as well as in name, it has fallen to a place where the salaries of its teachers must be cut, and its trustees must pass the hat and beg for money, hoping against hope that no further cuts may become necessary, hopeless of widening its usefulness over the broad fields contemplated by its founder.

## ALL GONE FOR NAUGHT.

The prudence, the foresight, the economy, the energy and the magnificent liberality of the kindly old Quaker who thought to benefit his kind to a remote generation, and to make the city wherein he had achieved success famous as a seat of learning, are well nigh gone for naught. He gave to this university millions of dollars—almost four millions—and an income amounting almost to hundreds of thousands. He had earned this money honestly, and he bestowed it nobly.

One of it all there can now be found a pile of school buildings, a breadth of farm land, that is worth no more than when he died, and a pile of depreciated paper representing shares in a railroad.

## THE MULTITUDE ENDOWMENT

and the princely income have melted away. Nor is that all, for the wreckers who destroyed the hope of the founder of the institution did it deliberately, although he had obtained at the hands of this founder his power to do evil and accumulate a vast private fortune out of the wreck he created. The Johns Hopkins University was endowed with Baltimore and Ohio Railroad stock by John W. Garrett, of Baltimore. John W. Garrett was made a trustee of the university by Johns Hopkins. In an evil day, Johns Hopkins having by his great wealth saved the Baltimore and Ohio road from bankruptcy, made John W. Garrett President of the railroad company. Thereupon John W. Garrett, who had heretofore been a partner in a grocery business that brought him a few thousand a year, became a power in railroad circles. He thought he was a great power, and so he was, in a way.

## A GRIEVOUS STORY.

The story of how Garrett took advantage of his power as trustee President to use the endowment of the university for his own private gains is grievous. For ten years the school grew and flourished. New buildings were erected and a valuable addition was made to the library and apparatus. But to say that everything about the university was satisfactory to the trustees, to the faculty, or to the people of Baltimore would not be in accord with the truth. Prof. Gilman soon began to urge that the foundation of the university be placed on something more substantial than railroad stock. At that time of Board of Trustees there was one, and one only, who really objected to such a transfer of the endowment, and that was President John W. Garrett, of the Baltimore and Ohio. For personal reasons he very strenuously opposed to such a transfer, and such was his influence in the board that the transfer never was made.

## ONCE VERY VALUABLE.

In the early days of the university it was very profitable stock. The university held 1,500 shares of a par value of \$100,000, and a market value of a good deal more than \$800,000. The annual dividend of this stock was \$150,000. On the face of these facts, ordinary folk might think that no change was necessary. But to men of sense it was a most reckless thing to thus risk the permanence of the income.

## WHEN AT LAST THE CRASH CAME.

When at last the crash came and the payment of dividends ceased, it is said that some of the trustees shed tears over the wiping out of the funds of the university. No more sorrowful meeting of school trustees than that which followed the disaster was ever held. But it was held secretly, and the trustees will not tell what was said and done. When they are asked about it, as Mr. J. H. Pleasants was asked about it by THE DISPATCH reporter, they all say, as he said:

## MIRIBLY A PRIVATE MATTER.

"It was a private matter. The university is not a public corporation. The people do not hold any stock in it. They have no right to know."

## NURSE DONNELLY RECOVERING.

She Will Appear Before the Grand Jury on Next Tuesday.

ATLANTIC CITY, September 8.—This afternoon Nurse Donnelly, who was stabbed by Mrs. Robert Ray Hamilton, was able to get up and walk about her room and then to get away, shouting: "How dare you thrust that vile deceiver down my throat."

He was immediately seized by Special Officer Rutledge, and taken to the Yorkville Police Court he said he was waging a war against superstition, and did not propose to have any dangerous gods forced down his throat. He was committed as insane.

## THE TERRIBLE DESTROYER.

Fire Wipes Out Van Forests and Threatens Villages in Maine—Diner and Boat Driven From Cover—People Alarmed.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

YANKEEBURG, Me., September 8.—The entire State, and especially Eastern Maine, is now passing through one of the most severe droughts known for years, and the result is that brooks have entirely dried up, while the lakes and rivers have become low, and the forests and vegetation everywhere is parched and dry. As is always the case in such periods, forest fires have started in the Maine and New Brunswick forests and on the St. John river.

The situation is especially serious at this time. The fires extend over several counties, and already the timber lands have been damaged to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars. All the people are praying for rain, and in the burning region the villages are being guarded carefully.

Frederick, Me., September 8.—The fire that started in the woods here, caught and destroyed in the fire, while in a few cases farmers have been unable to save their buildings from the flames.

Deer are driven out to the settlements, wildly frightened and herd with the cattle, and bears seek refuge in the water, where many of them have been shot already.

The smoke from the fires is so dense and heavy that navigation of miles east of here, on the New Brunswick Railway, is in a particularly critical position, and the utmost vigilance is being exercised by its citizens to prevent the destruction of their property. The smoke from the fires is so dense and heavy that navigation of miles east of here, on the New Brunswick Railway, is in a particularly critical position, and the utmost vigilance is being exercised by its citizens to prevent the destruction of their property.

## FLAT ON ITS BACK.

The income had failed; but they hoped that it would revive again. If \$100,000 could be raised it would keep the university running during the years 1890 and 1891. By that time they would know what to expect from the Baltimore and Ohio stock.

The money was pledged, and in a new certain the faculty of philosophy will be continued during that time. The trustees get together and tell each other that, by that time, the present management of the road will be paying dividends of 3 per cent on the par value of the capital stock. They do not believe that the road will be put in the hands of a receiver. Meantime, they tell people who ask them about the institution that streets have been laid out on the 330 acres of Clifton, and that the property is

## COMING INTO THE MARKET.

This property already 80 acres sold to the city not long ago. The city paid \$10,000 an acre. An attempt was made to sell Clifton to private buyers; it would not bring \$100,000. Baltimore is a growing city, but it does not grow toward Clifton.

The sole and only hope of continuing the Johns Hopkins University, even in its present shape, is in the rehabilitation of the Baltimore and Ohio stock, and there is ten chances of its being wiped out on one of its being rehabilitated.

## MARRIAGES GETTING CREEPER.

A War of Rates on Between Two Rival Matrimonial Agents.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. LOUISVILLE, Ky., September 8.—A bitter rate war is on between two rival matrimonial agencies in Louisville, and some slashing cuts have already been made in the line of fees. The matrimonial agent is a growth belonging exclusively to Jeffersonville. His duties are to watch the ferry boats, and when he sees a couple who look like elopers in search of matrimony he introduces himself and agrees for a specified sum of money to furnish everything required for a wedding. The business is peculiar, but it pays. The oldest and best-known agency is under the management of John Hume, and another active, bustling agency is operated by William Kratz, and until recently the men have been good friends and have respected each other's rights in the business, but it is not so now, and every day the marriage gets creepier.

By an especial arrangement with the magistrates the figures have been cut down from \$75 to \$50 for a complete matrimonial agency, license, ceremony and all, including the services of a professional witness, and make out to the lady's age. About a week ago Kratz contracted to pilot a country couple to the altar, and his fee was \$50. On the boat house offered to do the job for \$4, and the war began. The rival agents cut the rate to \$10 at a time, until Kratz offered to do the work for nothing.

## TOOK TOO MUCH ELIXIR.

A Harrisburg Man's Life Sacrificed in the Interests of Science.

HARRISBURG, September 8.—John Barth, of this city, who has been suffering from complications of disease, several weeks ago made application at the Harrisburg Hospital for the injection of the Brown Sequard elixir, in the hope that it would improve his condition. His request was granted, and he left the hospital highly gratified with the operation, stating that he felt like a new man. His improvement, however, was of brief duration, and he died another visit a few days ago to the hospital, to have the elixir again administered.

Since then the doctor has some physical claims are disposed to ascribe his death to the elixir's effects. Soon after he ceased to breathe his body turned yellow, and subsequently black, requiring his early interment.

## SLAYING ON A RAILROAD.

Contract Laborers Imported and Put to Work at 5 Cents a Day.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., September 8.—Fred Wagner, who arrived here from Birmingham, Ala., yesterday, said he was a native of Chemnitz, Saxony, and had come to Birmingham under contract to work on a railroad. There were 120 in the gang on the train, and they were all taken to the board of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, where they were promised \$12 a month and board, but were only paid 5 cents a day.

He could talk no English and knew nothing of the work he was to do. He had crept with difficulty from Birmingham. He was given a pass, and continued his trip towards New York.

## A WAR AGAINST SUPERSTITION.

The Frank of an Innane Man in a South Amboy Church.

NEW YORK, September 8.—A man who gave his name as James Corkery, and who claims to be a teacher in the public schools at South Amboy, attended 9 o'clock mass at the Cathedral yesterday, and was kneeling at the altar when Father Laville, at the head of the procession, swinging a censer, reached him. Corkery snatched the censer and flung it away, shouting: "How dare you thrust that vile deceiver down my throat."

He was immediately seized by Special Officer Rutledge, and taken to the Yorkville Police Court he said he was waging a war against superstition, and did not propose to have any dangerous gods forced down his throat. He was committed as insane.

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## CAN'T KEEP 'EM OUT.

Droves of Chinese Coming Into America Despite the Treaty.

## THEY LEAP RIGHT OVER ALL BARS.

The Latest Scheme Almost as 'Cute as Any Yankee Could Devise.

## COMING IN NOW BY WAY OF CUBA.

Where They Are Made Spanish Citizens and Learn to Walk Spanish.

The Chinese have discovered a new way to get into this country in spite of the prohibitive act. They have only to go first to Cuba, where they are naturalized, secure a passport, and come here as Cuban citizens on a visit.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, September 8.—The increasing number of Chinese in New York City is a matter of speculation which has had no apparent source. The colony was mysteriously and steadily but no information as to the manner of these additions could be gained. There are at present over 300 strange Chinese in New York.

These aliens were in some manner or other smuggled into this port was evident, but the manner in which it was accomplished has remained unexplained.

It now develops that a regular smuggling business is carried on by certain agents in the Cuban fruit trade, and with the apparent connivance of the Government of the island, for, as the Consul General to Cuba says, nearly all the Chinese in Cuba are naturalized citizens, and as such could not be deported from visiting this country.

## HOW IT IS DONE.

"Citizens of Cuba, with the co-operation of certain officials of the Spanish Government, have been smuggling Chinese into this country, in order to evade the United States restriction act, and are landing hundreds of them at this port every month," said a well-known Fulton Market fruit dealer to THE DISPATCH reporter today.

The attention of the dealer had been called to the fact that the Chinese colony in New York is being constantly recruited from abroad, in spite of the prohibitive regulations of the restriction act adopted by the Government.

"There is a certain steamship company in this city owning a steamer, which is chartered to ply between New York and Cuban ports," he continued, "on each of these vessels there is a Chinese interpreter, who is paid to appear on the pay roll of the company's papers, and on the roster of the ship he sails on. It is his duty to receive and care for the Chinese who embark at Cuban ports, and to see that they

## PASS THE CUSTOMS OFFICERS.

and are safely landed here. He is not paid by the company, but receives certain perquisites, the evident object of this arrangement being to enable the company to claim, with an appearance of justice, that it is not responsible for the interpreter's acts, as he is not in its employ, but simply a passenger on its boats.

Now, as to the manner in which these Chinese are enabled to pass the United States customs officers. Each Chinese leaving Cuba for the port of New York is provided with a passport, which is given to him by the Chinese interpreter, and he is represented to be a traveler desirous to sojourn for a brief period in the place named as his destination. This passport is given to him by the interpreter, and he is represented to be a traveler desirous to sojourn for a brief period in the place named as his destination. This passport is given to him by the interpreter, and he is represented to be a traveler desirous to sojourn for a brief period in the place named as his destination.

## A RACE WAR IN DELAWARE.

Irishmen and Hungarians Have a Lively Riot With Fatal Results.

WILMINGTON, Del., September 8.—Last night a race riot broke out in the lower part of New Castle, locally known as Dobbinsville, between gangs of Irishmen, Poles and Slavaks, employed in the Tasker Iron Works, in the course of which a Hungarian named Frank J. Jankovsky was shot in the heart and instantly killed by some one of the Irish rioters, and an Irishman named Owen Kavanagh was stabbed in 10 or 11 places by an unknown Hungarian. Kavanagh will recover. The rioting was the outcome of a fight between the Irish and the workmen ever since the entrance of Poles and Slavaks into the mills, nearly two years ago.

Some of the Slavaks have been arrested and warrants will be issued for the Irish participants, who, a preliminary hearing before Mayor Hanson this afternoon, showed no signs of aggression. The evidence thus far indicates that Jankovsky was trying to escape from several intoxicated Irish when one of the latter fired a shotgun, the lead passing through Jankovsky's heart.

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## A MOST ATROCIOUS CRIME.

Negroes Murdered and Burn a Man in Order to Secure Plunder.

NORFOLK, Va., September 8.—C. S. Walters, who kept a grocery store at Sewell's Point, was found murdered in his bedroom this morning. It is supposed that about 3 o'clock this morning parties called at the store and woke up Mr. Walters, and as he opened the door he was struck senseless by a blow, and then beaten to death. The broken skull and mangled face plainly showing the manner of death. The murderers then robbed the store of \$180 and a lot of merchandise, after which the body of Walters was placed in a two cotton mattress, which were set on fire.

The fire burned slowly, and when the body was found by members of the family about 4 o'clock this morning the body was found to be badly burned. The authorities were notified, and two negroes who acted suspiciously in a boat near Sewell's Point were arrested, brought to Norfolk and lodged in jail. Both had spots of blood on their clothing, and are believed to have concealed the plunder.

## HE IS PROBABLY LYNCHED.

A Suspected Horse Thief Taken From the Hands of the Sheriff.

PANAMA, Ill., September 8.—L. S. Tate was arrested at Mattoon yesterday on suspicion of being the person who stole a horse here three weeks ago. A constable left Mattoon on the train this morning with the horse and too intelligent to get lost. The prisoner en route to this city. Tower Hill, six miles east of here, the train stopped, and was immediately surrounded by an excited crowd of men, who boarded the car, overpowered the constable and took Tate from the train.

It is supposed the men were members of the Tower Hill Horse Company, but what disposition they made of Tate is unknown.

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## THE POPE WILL NOT LEAVE ROME.

LONDON, September 8.—A dispatch to the Chronicle from Rome says: The Pope has abandoned the idea of leaving Rome, the German Government having mediated in his behalf and assured him that in the event of a war Italy would strictly respect his position.

## FANNY MUST HANG.

The Accomplish of Dick Hawes in the Murder of His Wife Convicted—A Little Girl, Only Five Years Old, the Victim of the Crime.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., September 8.—The jury in the case of Fanny Bryant, the mulatto woman who assisted Dick Hawes in the murder of his wife and children, last December, at 10 o'clock this morning returned a verdict of murder in the first degree, and fixed the death penalty. The woman broke down completely when the verdict was announced, and sobbed aloud. Her attorneys will move for a new trial, and if they fail to get it will appeal to the Supreme Court.

Dick Hawes killed his wife and one child on Saturday night, December 1, and May, the eldest child, on Monday night, December 8. The little girl, May, was left at Fanny Bryant's house from Sunday morning until Monday evening. Fanny Bryant has confessed that May told her on Sunday morning that all about the murder of Mrs. Hawes and the child the night before. Hawes was cursing his wife and she threatened to leave. She put on her cloak and taking her youngest child, ran out in the yard. Hawes followed her, and killed her and the child with a heavy stick. He then dragged the bodies into the house and covered them with a mattress. They lay there until Sunday night, when they were carried to the morgue, weighed with iron and then thrown in.

May, who witnessed the crime, seemed to realize that her father would kill her because she had endangered his safety. This story is corroborated by the circumstantial evidence on which Hawes was convicted, and shows that little May was the only eye witness of the murder of her mother and sister.

## SUNDAY AT GETTYSBURG.

The Present Encampment the Biggest in the Department's History.

GETTYSBURG, September 8.—The second day of Camp Samuel Harper was a great one. In the morning the veterans, headed by the department officers and a band of music, marched from their quarters to the cemetery in the National Cemetery, where religious services were held. In the afternoon the veterans remained in the camp or drove over the battlefield. At 6:30 the first dress parade of the encampment took place. Department Commander Stewart reviewed the men as they filed past him and his staff on the level ground south of the camp.

Later in the evening a song service was conducted by Chaplain Sayres, a chorus of 150 voices furnishing the music. The camp has assumed a more inviting appearance, the women have been established as headquarters and hung out their flags, while before almost every tent flaps a streamer of some character. The trains to-morrow will be the last of the encampment, and all indications point to this being the biggest camp in the history of the department.

## A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

It Is Believed to be the Work of an Italian Secret Society.

NEWARK, N. J., September 8.—A foul murder was discovered in East Newark today, the victim being an Italian about 35 years old. The body of the murdered man was found on an elevated railway track near the Meadows. The remains presented a horrible sight. The head had been cut from the body, evidently with a knife, and hung by shreds of flesh. Besides this, three bullet holes were found in the breast, anyone of which would have been fatal.

The trouble between the gentlemen was caused by Patterson's denouncing certain statements made by Huff in reference to local legislation as malicious lies. Both are members of the State Legislature, and it is now in a position where it is believed that a meeting would certainly take place.

## THE DUEL IS OFF.

Vigilant Police Authorities Prevent the Huff-Patterson Meeting.

MACON, Ga., September 8.—Hon W. A. Huff, member of the State Legislature, and this city, who left here for Alabama, Saturday, to fight a duel with Hon. R. W. Patterson, also a member of the Legislature, returned to the city to-night, having been unable to meet Patterson, owing to the vigilance of the authorities.

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## THE JOHNSTOWN SCHOOLS.

An Effort to be Made to Open for the Fall Term.

JOHNSTOWN, September 8.—Although there is but little money in sight